

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance

Name : Nitrogen, compressed

CAS No : 7727-37-9
Formula : N2

Other means of identification . Dinitrogen, Refrigerant R728, Nitrogen, Medipure® Nitrogen, Extendapak Nitrogen, Nitrogen

Diving Grade.

Product group : Core Products

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Medical applications

Industrial use, Food applications.

Diving Gas (Underwater Breathing)

1.3. Supplier

: Airtec Group of Companies.

Refrigeration and Oxygen Company

: P.O box Safat 13006,

: Kuwait

www.airtecgulf.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Onsite Emergency: +965-1844-844

Fax no : +965-2484-3020 Email : info@rocq8.com

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-CA classification

Simple asphyxiant H380 Compressed gas H280

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS-CA labeling

Signal Word

Hazard pictograms :



WARNING

Hazard statements : CONTAINS GAS UNDER PRESSURE; MAY EXPLODE IF HEATED

MAY DISPLACE OXYGEN AND CAUSE RAPID SUFFOCATION

Precautionary statements : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C (125°F) Use a back flow

preventive device in the piping

Close valve after each use and when empty Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure

Obtain special instructions before use.



2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: Asphyxiant in high concentrations. May cause suffocation by reducing oxygen available for breathing.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-CA)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Name	CAS No.	% (Vol.)	Common Name (synonyms)
Nitrogen (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 7727-37-9	100	Nitrogen (liquified) / Nitrogen gas / Nitrogen, liquefied / Nitrogen, compressed / NITROGEN

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Immediately remove to fresh air. If not breathing, clear airways of any slurry or caked material and give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, qualified personnel may give oxygen. Call a physician.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: Adverse effects not expected from this product.

First-aid measures after eye contact

Adverse effects not expected from this product. In case of eye irritation: Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Consult an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

No additional information available

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Other medical advice or treatment : None.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2. Unsuitable extinguishing media

No additional information available

5.3. Specific hazards arising from the hazardous product

Explosion hazard

: PRESSURISED CONTAINER: MAY BURST IF HEATED.

Reactivity

: Under certain conditions, nitrogen can react violently with lithium, neodymium, titanium (above 1472°F/800°C), or magnesium to form nitrides. At high temperature, it can also combine with oxygen and hydrogen.

5.4. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions

Evacuate all personnel from the danger area. Use self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective clothing. Immediately cool containers with water from maximum distance. Stop flow of gas if safe to do so, while continuing cooling water spray. Remove ignition sources if safe to do so. Remove containers from area of fire if safe to do so. On-site fire brigades must comply with their provincial and local fire code regulations.

Protection during firefighting

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Special protective equipment for fire

fighters

Specific method

: Compressed gas: asphyxiant. Suffocation hazard by lack of oxygen.

: Standard protective clothing and equipment (Self Contained Breathing Apparatus) for fire

fighters.

: Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray

radiation may cause gas containers to rupture. Cool endangered containers with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.

Stop flow of product if safe to do so.

Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.



SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: Evacuate area. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proven to be safe. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.2. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

No additional information available.

6.3. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Wear leather safety gloves and safety shoes when handling cylinders. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. While moving cylinder, always keep in place removable valve cover. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its cap; the cap is intended solely to protect the valve. When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders. Never insert an object (e.g, wrench, screwdriver, pry bar) into cap openings; doing so may damage the valve and cause a leak. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Slowly open the valve. If the valve is hard to open, discontinue use and contact your supplier. Close the container valve after each use; keep closed even when empty. Never apply flame or localized heat directly to any part of the container. High temperatures may damage the container and could cause the pressure relief device to fail prematurely, venting the container contents. For other precautions in using this product, see section 16.

Safe use of the product

The suitability of this product as a component in underwater breathing gas mixtures is to be determined by or under the supervision of personnel experienced in the use of underwater breathing gas mixtures and familiar with the physiological effects, methods employed, frequency and duration of use, hazards, side effects, and precautions to be taken.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

Store in a cool, well-ventilated place. Store and use with adequate ventilation. Store only where temperature will not exceed 125°F (52°C). Firmly secure containers upright to keep them from falling or being knocked over. Install valve protection cap, if provided, firmly in place by hand. Store full and empty containers separately. Use a first-in, first-out inventory system to prevent storing full containers for long periods

OTHER PRECAUTIONS FOR HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE: When handling product under pressure, use piping and equipment adequately designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Never work on a pressurized system. Use a back flow preventive device in the piping. Gases can cause rapid suffocation because of oxygen deficiency; store and use with adequate ventilation. If a leak occurs, close the container valve and blow down the system in a sef and environmentally correct manner in compliance with all international, federal/national, state/provincial, and local laws; then repair the leak. Never place a container where it may become part of an electrical circuit.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

No additional information available

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use a local exhaust system with sufficient flow velocity to maintain an adequate supply of air in the worker's breathing zone.

Mechanical (general): General exhaust ventilation may be acceptable if it can maintain an adequate supply of air.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment

: In case of splash hazard: safety glasses. Face shield. Gloves.









Hand protection Wear work gloves when handling containers. Wear heavy rubber gloves where contact with

product may occur.

Wear goggles when transfilling or breaking transfer connections. Select in accordance with the current CSA standard Z94.3, "Industrial Eye and Face Protection", and any provincial Eye protection

regulations, local bylaws or guidelines.

As needed for welding, wear hand, head, and body protection to help prevent injury from Skin and body protection

radiation and sparks. (See ANSI Z49.1.) At a minimum, this includes welder's gloves and protective goggles, and may include arm protectors, aprons, hats, and shoulder protection as

well as substantial clothing.

Respiratory protection Respiratory protection: Use respirable fume respirator or air supplied respirator when working

in confined space or where local exhaust or ventilation does not keep exposure below TLV. Select in accordance with provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. Selection should be based on the current CSA standard Z94.4, "Selection, Care, and Use of Respirators." Respirators should also be approved by NIOSH and MSHA. For emergencies or instances with unknown

exposure levels, use a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Environmental exposure controls Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere.

Other information Other protection: Safety shoes for general handling at customer sites. Metatarsal shoes and cuffless trousers for cylinder handling at packaging and filling plants. Select in accordance with

the current CSA standard Z195, "Protective Foot Wear", and any provincial regulations, local bylaws or guidelines. For working with flammable and oxidizing materials, consider the use of

flame resistant anti-static safety clothing.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Gas Physical state

Appearance Colourless gas. Molecular mass 28 g/mol Colour Colourless.

No odour warning properties. Odour

Odour threshold No data available рΗ Not applicable. pH solution No data available Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) No data available Relative evaporation rate (ether=1) Not applicable. Melting point -210 °C (-346 °F) Freezing point No data available **Boiling point** : -195.8 °C (-320.4 °F) Flash point No data available Critical temperature -149.9 °C (-232.4 °F) Auto-ignition temperature Not applicable.

Decomposition temperature No data available Vapour pressure Not applicable Vapour pressure at 50 °C No data available Critical pressure 3390 kPa (439 psi) Relative vapour density at 20 °C $0.00115 (\geq 21.1)$ Relative density No data available Relative density of saturated gas/air mixture No data available Density : 1.16 kg/m³

Relative gas density 0.97 Solubility Water: 20 mg/l Log Pow Not applicable. Not applicable. Log Kow Not applicable. Viscosity, kinematic Not applicable. Viscosity, dynamic Viscosity, kinematic (calculated value) (40 °C) No data available Explosive properties Not applicable. Oxidizing properties None.

Flammability (solid, gas) : Non flammable



Other information

: Compressed gas Gas group

Additional information : None

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Reactivity : Under certain conditions, nitrogen can react violently with lithium, neodymium, titanium (above

1472°F/800°C), or magnesium to form nitrides. At high temperature, it can also combine with

oxygen and hydrogen.

Stable under normal conditions. Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous reactions May occur.

Conditions to avoid None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Incompatible materials None. Hazardous decomposition products : None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Likely routes of exposure : Inhalation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified Not classified Acute toxicity (inhalation) Skin corrosion/irritation Not classified pH: Not applicable.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified

pH: Not applicable.

Respiratory or skin sensitization Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified Carcinogenicity Not classified Reproductive toxicity Not classified Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Not classified Specific target organ toxicity (repeated : Not classified

exposure)

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Persistence and degradability No ecological damage caused by this product.

Bioaccumulative potential 12.3.

Milliogen (1121-31-3)		
Log Pow	Not applicable.	
Log Kow	Not applicable.	
Bioaccumulative potential	No ecological damage caused by this product.	

12.4. Mobility in soil

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)		
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Log Pow	Not applicable.	
Log Kow	Not applicable.	
Ecology - soil	No ecological damage caused by this product.	



12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on the ozone layer : None Effect on global warming : None

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations. Contact supplier for any special requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. Basic shipping description

In accordance with TDG

TDG

UN-No. (TDG) : UN1066

TDG Primary Hazard Classes : 2.2 - Class 2.2 - Non-Flammable, Non-Toxic Gas.

Proper shipping name : NITROGEN, COMPRESSED

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index : 0.125 L

Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger : 75 L

Carrying Railway Vehicle Index

14.3. Air and sea transport

IMDG

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1066

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : NITROGEN, COMPRESSED

Class (IMDG) : 2 - Gases MFAG-No : 121

IATA

UN-No. (IATA) : 1066

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Nitrogen, compressed

Class (IATA) : 2

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. National regulations

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

15.2. International regulations

Nitrogen (7727-37-9)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Listed on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances)



SECTION 16: Other information

Training advice

: The hazard of asphyxiation is often overlooked and must be stressed during operator training.

Other information

Airtec asks users of this product to study this SDS and become aware of the product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product, a user should (1) notify employees, agents, and contractors of the information in this SDS and of any other known product hazards and safety information, (2) furnish this information to each purchaser of the product, and (3) ask each purchaser to notify its employees and customers of the product hazards and safety

The opinions expressed herein are those of qualified experts within Airtec Inc. We believe that the information contained herein is current as of the date of this Safety Data Sheet. Since the use of this information and the conditions of use are not within the control of Airtec, it is the user's obligation to determine the conditions of safe use of the product. Airtec, SDSs are furnished on sale or delivery by Airtec, or the independent distributors and suppliers who package and sell our products. To obtain current SDSs for these products, contact your Airtec sales representative.

NFPA health hazard

: 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.

NFPA fire hazard

: 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions,

and are not reactive with water.

NFPA specific hazard

: SA - This denotes gases which are simple asphyxiants.



HMIS III Rating

Health : 0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn. Physical

: 3 Serious Hazard - Materials that may form explosive mixtures with water and are capable of detonation or explosive reaction in the presence of a strong initiating source. Materials may polymerize, decompose, self-react, or undergo other chemical change at normal temperature and pressure with moderate risk of explosion.

Use proper connections; do not use adapters. Do not force fit!!

DISCLAIMER

The information and recommendations in this Safety Data Sheet relate only to the specific material mentioned herein and do not relate to use otherwise ie.in combination with any other material or in any process. The information and recommendations herein are taken from our extensive experiences and the data contained in recognized references and believed by us to be true. Airtec group of companies make no warranties either expressed or implied with respect there to and assume no liability in connection with the use of such information and recommendation.